

SIP Software Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones

Revision History		
Date	Revision #	Summary of Changes
23 August 2010	Original bulletin	This is the original publication

Introduction

Avaya is pleased to announce the availability of SIP software Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones. SIP software release 3.2 expands the number of supported IP Deskphone devices and makes available the following software versions for the following IP Deskphones:

SIP Software Release 3.22		
IP Deskphone	Software	
1120E IP Deskphone	03.02.16	
1140E IP Deskphone	03.02.16	
1165E IP Deskphone	03.02.16	
1220 IP Deskphone	03.02.16	
1230 IP Deskphone	03.02.16	

Avaya recommends an upgrade to this release of software for all applicable IP Deskphones and Call Servers at the earliest convenience. SIP Software Release 3.2 includes re-branding changes both in the product as well as in supporting documentation and is the minimum release for re-branding.

SIP software Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones is available for download from the "Software Download" link under "Support and Training" on the product support website located at: http://support.nortel.com. The software is available by phone model under "Phones, Clients and Accessories".

Note: These SIP software loads have not been introduced as the default loads for the IP Deskphones shipped from Avaya.



Enhancements

Several enhancements have been included in SIP Release 3.2 for the 11xx and 12xx Series deskphones including:

- Improved Licensing
- SIP Support for 1220,1230 and 1165E IP Deskphones
- Shared Call Appearances CS1000
- IPv6 Support
- SRTP Media Security
- TLS Signaling Security
- Certificate-based Authentication
- Enhanced Screensavers
- Background images
- Support for Avaya Aura[™] Communication Manager / Session Manager

A description of each feature is provided in the following sections.



Improved Licensing

Licensing was introduced in the SIP 3.0 release. With SIP 3.2, the following changes are made to the licensing mechanism:

- The Standard feature set is now available on all desksets without a token. This provides a basic set of SIP features conforming to RFC 3261 (SIPPING 19) at no additional cost.
- Now, when the phone is registered to a recognized Avaya call server (Avaya Aura[™], AS 5300, CS1000 or CS2100), the Extended feature set is available as well without a token.
- The Advanced feature set is reserved for Federal and DoD features on the AS 5300 call server only
- The feature packages have been re-organized
 - o Wideband is part of Standard feature set
 - o IPv6 and Broadworks SCA are part of Extended feature set
 - Security is now part of the Extended feature set

The feature packages are now as follows:

Standard Features (No Tokens)	Extended Features (One Token*)	Advanced Features (Two Tokens*)
SIP Core Features	Standard Feature Set	Standard Feature Set
(RFC3261/SIPPING 19)		Extended Feature Set
3-way call / call conference	Authentication Security	Multi-Level Precedence and
		Preemption (MLPP)
Audio Codecs - Standard +	Bluetooth Headset support	Call Origination Busy
Wideband	(1140E/1165E only)	
Auto Login/Logout	Call Server Service Package	DoD Network
Background Image	Expansion Module support	FIPS Certified
Busy Lamp Field (BLF)	Instant Messaging	
Distinctive Ringing	Media Security (SRTP)	
Downloadable Ringtones	Multi-user Login support	
Image Screensaver & Lock	NAT Traversal/STUN	
Standard Font Languages	Proactive Voice Quality Mgt	
Multiple calls per user	PC Client Control	
Server Failover Redundancy	Signaling Security (TLS)	
Session Timers	USB headset support for audio	
SNTP (Time Server)	IPv6 Support	
Speed Dial List	Broadsoft Broadworks SCA	
Transfer to VM softkey		
USB memory stick		
Hotline		

* - One token waived when connected to an Avaya call server

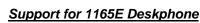


Support for 1220 and 1230 IP Deskphones

SIP Release 3.2 expands support for the Avaya 1220 and 1230 Deskphones. The 1200 series is a similar industrial design to the 1100 Series but is mechanically simpler and lower cost with a smaller processor. It is ideal for SMB and cost sensitive applications.

Key features:

- Delivers High Quality Audio Experience same full duplex algorithm as 1100 series
- Fast Ethernet and switch in all models
- 2-position footstand + wallmount
- Wideband enabled (to be supported in a future release)
- Both Key Expansion Modules are supported
- 18-Key with LED indicators and paper labels
- 12-Key with self labeling LCD (shown)
 - Cascadable (up to 7 LCD modules)
- Does not support Bluetooth wireless technology, USB, graphics or screen savers



SIP Release 3.2 also provides support for the Avaya 1165E Deskphone. The 1165E is an advanced design with the following features:

- High resolution (240 x 360 pixels), QVGA color, Liquid Crystal Display
- Integrated 10/100/1000 Base-T Auto- Sensing Ethernet switch for shared PC access (one LAN port and one PC port)
- Superior quality audio experience including wideband-ready speakerphone and handset
- Power efficiency gains with support for IEEE 802.3af PoE standard as a Class 2 device
- 8 programmable line/feature keys
- User selectable background
- Digital picture slideshow
- Bluetooth 2.1 support
 - Headset profile
- Integrated USB port for keyboard, mouse or headset connectivity
- USB flash drive support
- Avaya 1100 Series Expansion Module Support
 - o up to 54 additional line/feature keys with three Expansion Modules









Shared Call Appearances (CS1000 Only)

SIP Release 3.2 provides support for Shared Call Appearances (SCA) in CS1000 environments (beginning with CS1000 Release 7). This feature allows a single DN to have shared appearances on several different deskphones. Ideal for environments where users are moving between many different phones or where a single person, such as an administrative assistant, may be answering calls on behalf of others.

This feature may operate in one of two ways:

Single DN - shared appearances

Single DN - multiple appearances

With shared appearances, the DN is shared between the deskphones such that there may only be one call active on the DN at a time (server enforced). The status of DN is shown on all appearances including idle, ringing, busy, hold. Call pickup or barge-in are possible depending on status of call. This feature is automatically enabled during registration when the deskphone is provisioned on CS1000 call server.

With multiple appearances, each appearance of the DN can independently make/receive calls.

The SCA feature requires the use of Authentication IDs. Separate User ID and authentication ID. If the configuration file contains the line PROMPT_AUTHNAME_ENABLE Yes (default is disabled), the user will then be prompted to enter the authentication ID.

- If the authentication ID is not specified, it will default to the login id.
 - The authentication ID can be specified via

AUTOLOGIN_AUTHID_KEYxx

IPv6 Support

SIP Release 3.2 adds support for IPV4/IPv6 dual mode on 1120E, 1140E, 1165E and 1220/30 SIP deskphones. Currently, IPv6 is only supported on AS5300 and CS1000 call servers.

Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) is a network layer for packet-switched internetworks and is the successor of IPv4.

IPv6 provides larger address space, which allows greater flexibility in assigning addresses. The extended address length used within IPv6 eliminates the need to use Network Address Translation to avoid address exhaustion to simplify the aspects of address assignment and renumbering when changing providers.

The IP Deskphones can be configured to support IPv4 and IPv6 protocols. IP Deskphones use IPv4 mechanisms (for example, DHCP) to acquire their IPv4 addresses and IPv6 mechanisms (for example, Stateless auto configuration) to acquire their IPv6 addresses.

IPv6 uses a hierarchical method to allocate IP addresses, which provides simplified routing and renumbering.

IPv6 provides the following:

- 128 bits for address space compared to 32 bits for IPv4
- well defined Quality of Service (QoS) mechanism
- simplified configuration (stateless auto configuration)
- SIP IP Deskphones provide complete support for IPv4 and IPv6 Internet protocols, as follows:
- provides transition mechanism to IPv6
- enables SIP IP Deskphones to interoperate with IPv4 hosts and utilize IPv4 routing



- ability to send and receive both IPv4 and IPv6 packets
- interoperates directly with IPv4 nodes using IPv4 packets
- interoperates directly with IPv6 nodes using IPv6 packets

IPv6 and IPv4 IP Deskphones operate in one of two modes:

- IPv4 enabled and IPv6 stack disabled (default)
- both IPv4 and IPv6 stacks enabled

Three new device Configuration flags have been added to support IPv6:

- IPV6_ENABLE (Y/N) enables IPv6
- PREFER_IPV6 orders media lines
- IPV6_STATELESS (Y/N) enables stateless auto-configuration

Media security - SRTP

With SIP 3.2, media security is provided using SRTP (RFC 3711). The deskphone may operate in one of two modes: Secure Only or Best Effort. With secure only, a secure path must be setup before the call will complete – otherwise the call will fail. With best-effort, an attempt will be made to initiate a secure call, however if it is not possible, the call will continue in an unsecure mode.

3 different SRTP modes are available:

- BE- Cap Neg (Best Effort Capabilities negotiation)
- BE- 2M Lines (Best Effort 2M lines negotiation)
- SecureOnly (If there is no SRTP on the endpoint then call fails)

These are controlled by the following configuration parameters:

- SRTP_ENABLED <Yes, No>
- SRTP_MODE <BE-2MLines, BE-CapNeg, SecureOnly>

Cipher support

- SRTP_CIPHER_<X> <AES_128_SHA1_32, AES_128_SHA1_80>
- MKI (Master Key Identifier)
- Support of MKI and non-MKI modes
- MKI_ENABLE <Yes, No>

Note: SRTP is not supported on CS1000 Release 7.0. It is planned for CS1000 Release 7.5.



Signaling Security - TLS

SIP 3.2 also provides Signaling Security via Transport Layer Security (TLS) per RFC 5246. TLS is a protocol for establishing a secure connection between two end-points. After a connection is established using TCP, TLS negotiates the cryptographic parameters used to secure the traffic that is sent over that connection. TLS, Public Key Cryptography, and X.509 certificates provide either mutual or server authentication.

Mutual authentication occurs when both the client and the server have public key certificates assigned, that are used during the TLS handshake, to validate the identity of both communicating parties. Both the server and the end point device certificates are "signed" by well-known trusted certificate authorities.

Server authentication occurs when a server has a certificate signed by a certificate authority. The certificate is only used for the client to validate the identity of the server it is connected to. After the TLS connection is established, the server can identify the IP Deskphone through a user name and password.

Both mutual authentication and server authentication are supported.

Note that TLS is supported on TCP only (not UDP).

New configuration parameters to support TLS include:

Specify TCP and TLS ports (typically 5060 and 5061)

- SERVER_TCP_PORT<X>_<Y> <Port number>
- SERVER_TLS_PORT<X>_<Y> <Port number>

Specify listening ports

- SIP_TCP_PORT <port number> e.g. SIP_TCP_PORT 5060
- SIP_TLS_PORT 5061 e.g. SIP_TLS_PORT 5061

Specify TCP keep alive mechanism

- KEEP_ALIVE_TYPE <CRLF or OS>
- CONN_KEEP_ALIVE <time>

Certificate-based Authentication

Certificate-based authentication allows the administrator to ensure that the IP Deskphone is authorized to access the enterprise LAN environment and to connect securely to SIP proxy and provisioning servers.

Certificates bind an identity to a pair of electronic keys that are used to encrypt and sign digital information, and make it possible to verify someone's claim that they have the right to use a given key. Certificates provide a complete security solution, assuring the identity of all parties involved in a transaction. Certificates are issued by a Certification Authority (CA) and are signed with the CA's private key.

A Certificate Authority issues certificates to users and devices, such as IP Deskphones. A CA is a trusted third party. The certificate issued by a CA contains a variety of data. This data includes21 the identity of the issuing CA, Certificate Usage, and expiry date for the certificate. Certificate based authentication is provided on the IP Deskphone by installing trusted root certificates, device certificates,



avaya.com

and Certificate Trust Lists (CTL). Device Certificates are installed by importing a password protected PKCS#12 file. A PKCS#12 file contains both private and public key pair of the certificate.

CTL is a predefined list of trusted server certificates which the IP Deskphone views as trusted endpoints. It is used a mechanism to provide connection to only trusted servers. IP Deskphones enable the administrator to manage (view and delete) trusted certificates, device certificates, and CTLs through user interface. Events are logged to Security Logs to mark events, such as Certificate Addition and Deletion. The administrator is to view security and error logs from the user interface, as well. Certificates are used in various security protocols including

- TLS
- HTTPS
- EAP

Refer to the SIP Software for Avaya 1100 Series IP Deskphones-Administration guide for details on loading certificates onto the Deskphones.

Note: The phone cannot be secured prior to configuring it to be secured (cart before the horse).

SIP 3.2 also adds support for EAP-PEAP in addition to EAP-MD5, EAP-TLS, EAP-PEAP and EAP-TLS. These require that certificates be loaded on the IP Desk phone.



Embedded Screensavers (1165E sets only)

SIP 3.2 for the 1165E includes several embedded screensavers. These are always present on the phone regardless of whether images were uploaded to the phone or not. These screensavers may be activated at any time.

The following embedded screensavers are provided:

- Sun ball
- Magic Lines
- Radio Waves

Pre-loaded Screensavers

Users may upload custom screensavers to the Deskphone. Once uploaded, the screensavers are presented in a list of available screensavers in the "Display Screensaver->Images" menu.

The following uploaded screensaver types are available:

- Simple background: The screensaver just displays one image on activating.
- SLIDE SHOW: The screensaver displays all images presented on the set one-after-another with a delay between displays.
- SLIDE GROUP <x>: Similar to the "SLIDE SHOW" mode, however users are able to determine which collection of images will be displayed. The collection is being predefined by special template of the file name of the image file.

Note: The SIP 3.2 IP Deskphone will not automatically resize image files. Therefore, the images must be scaled prior to loading them to the phone. The size of the files depends upon the IP Deskphone model.

- 1120E = 240 x 88
- 1140E = 320 x 160
- 1165E = 320 x 240

AVAYA

Support for Avaya Aura™ Communication Manager / Session Manager

SIP Release 3.2 expands support for Avaya 1100- and 1200-Series IP Deskphones with Avaya Aura[™] Communication Manager R6, Avaya Aura[™] Session Manager R6, and Avaya Modular Messaging R5.2.

Detailed information is available in an Application Note at the following address:

https://enterpriseportal.avaya.com/ptlWeb/internal/products/P0533/ApplicationTechnicalNotes

Note that the 11xx/12xx deskphones were originally developed for use with Nortel call servers, and as such do not currently support the Avaya Advanced SIP Telephony (AST) protocol implemented in Avaya 9600 Series IP deskphones (SIP). Nevertheless, Communication Manager and Session Manager have the capability to extend some advanced telephony features to non-AST telephones. A summary of the features supported follows:

SUPPORTED FEATURES	COMMENTS
Basic Calling features	
Extension to extension call	
Basic call to non-SIP phones	
Intercept tones/displays Reorder with	
Mute	
Redial	
Call Waiting	
Do Not Disturb	
Speed Dial buttons	
Redial from call logs	
Compressed codecs	G.729A, G.729AB, G.722-64k
Message Waiting Support	
SIPPING (RFC 5359) Features	
Call Hold	
Consultation Hold	
Music on Hold	
Unattended Transfer	
Attended Transfer	
Call Forward Unconditional	
Call Forward Busy	Via Feature Name Extension (FNE)
Call Forward No Answer	Via Feature Name Extension (FNE)
3-way conference - 3rd party added	
3-way conference - 3rd party joins	
Find-Me Modular Messaging "Find Me"	
Incoming Call Screening	Via Class of Restriction
Outgoing Call Screening	Via Class of Restriction
Call Park/Unpark	Via Feature Name Extension (FNE)
Call Pickup Via FNE	Via Feature Name Extension (FNE)
Additional Station-Side Features	
Calling Name/Number Block	Via Feature Name Extension (FNE)



Directed Call Pick-Up	Via Feature Name Extension (FNE)
Priority Call	Via Feature Name Extension (FNE)
Transfer to Voice Mail	Via Feature Name Extension (FNE)
Whisper Page	Via Feature Name Extension (FNE)

Note: Some supported features shown in the above Table can be invoked by dialing a Feature Name Extension (FNE). Or, a speed dial button on the deskphone can be programmed to an FNE. Communication Manager automatically handles many other standard features such as call coverage, trunk selection using Automatic Alternate Routing (AAR) and Automatic Route Selection (ARS), Class Of Service/Class Of Restriction (COS/COR), and voice messaging.

Quality Improvements

The SIP software Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones also continues to improve the overall quality of the IP Deskphone software through the delivery of ongoing resolution of CRs. Numerous quality improvements have been delivered and N customer cases have been closed in SIP 3.2.

SIP software Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones closes the following customer cases:

Closed Cases	
Description	Case Id
30 Minute Delay for MADN Subscription after Registration	100519-47736
1100 IP Deskphone Does not Recognize 2nd DNS Server	100520-48372
Display issue MADN key labeling limited to 10 digits – customer using 11-digit	100511-43242
number plan	100505-40578
1120 IP Deskphone: DSCP values are not set correctly for media or control payloads	100521-49010

IP Deskphone Compatibility

SIP software Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones is compatible with the following IP Deskphones:

IP Deskphone Compatibility		
PEC	Description	Software File
NTYS03xxxxxx	1120E IP Deskphone	SIP1120e03.02.16.00.bin
NTYS05xxxxxx	1140E IP Deskphone	SIP1140e03.02.16.00.bin
NTYS07xxxxxx	1165E IP Deskphone	SIP1165e03.02.16.00.bin
NTYS19xxxxxx	1220 IP Deskphone	SIP12x0e03.02.16.00.bin
NTYS20xxxxxx	1230 IP Deskphone	SIP12x0e03.02.16.00.bin

Call Server Compatibility and Requirements

SIP software release 3.2 is compatible with the Call Servers listed below.

- Avaya CS1000 Release 7.0
- Avaya CS2100
- Avaya Aura[™] Communication Manager 6.0
- Avaya Aura[™] Session Manager 6.0
- Genband (Nortel) CS2000 CVAM 13 C20, CVAM 14
- Genband (Nortel) AAE 7.0, 7.1, 8.0



References and Related Documents

SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones related documents are available on http://www.nortel.com/support using the following product path. Changes and Enhancements in SIP Release 3.2 have been documented in this product bulletin.

For SIP on 1120E IP Deskphone:

http://support.nortel.com/go/main.jsp?cscat=DOCUMENTATION&poid=15741

For SIP on 1140E IP Deskphone:

http://support.nortel.com/go/main.jsp?cscat=DOCUMENTATION&poid=15721

For SIP on 1165E IP Deskphone:

http://support.nortel.com/go/main.jsp?cscat=DOCUMENTATION&poid=22201

For SIP on 1220 IP Deskphone:

http://support.nortel.com/go/main.jsp?cscat=DOCUMENTATION&poid=19422

For SIP on 1230 IP Deskphone:

http://support.nortel.com/go/main.jsp?cscat=DOCUMENTATION&poid=19423

SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones documentation includes the following materials:

- NN43112-101 Avaya 1120E IP Deskphone with SIP Software User Guide
- NN43113-101 Avaya 1140E IP Deskphone with SIP Software User Guide
- NN43170-100 Avaya 1165E IP Deskphone with SIP Software User Guide
- NN43110-301 Avaya 1100 Series Expansion Module for SIP Software User Guide
- NN43170-600 SIP Software for Avaya 1100 Series IP Deskphones Administration
- NN43170-101 Avaya 1220 IP Deskphone with SIP Software User Guide
- NN43170-102 Avaya 1230 IP Deskphone with SIP Software User Guide
- NN43139-100 Avaya 1200 Series Expansion Module for SIP Software User Guide
- NN43170-601 SIP Software for Avaya 1200 Series IP Deskphones Administration

Note that beginning with SIP 3.2, the individual Administration Guides for each phone are now combined into a common Administration Guide for the series. Hence, only 2 administration guides are now available: one for the 1100 series and one for the 1200 series phones.



Product Advisements

The following is a list of advisements associated with SIP software release 3.2. Some advisements remain from previous releases of software, whereas other advisements reflect new or changed behavior introduced with SIP software release 3.2. Advisements that are new to SIP software release 3.2 or have changed since previous releases of SIP software are prefixed with "NEW".

Null Screensaver

Q02160800 Set hangs after selecting Screensaver

If there are no images available for a slide show and the user sets SLIDE SHOW as screen saver then the IP deskphone can hang when the user attempts to select one.

Analog Terminal Adapter Support

Q02036636 Noise is heard on Analog phone connected through ATA 4900

When an analog phone is connected to an ATA on an 11xx IP Deskphone, users may hear "crackling" sounds in the earpiece of the analog set while in 2 way conversations. This will be fixed in a future release.

Audio Codec Enhancements

SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones expands support of the existing G729a codec with Annex B G729b codec (comfort noise generation) and adds support for G723.1 (high-compression codec) codec. SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones supports selection of audio codec list as below via the device configuration file. For details on the configuration files, please refer to the Administration guides. SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones supports existing Administrative setting of DEF_AUDIO_QULITY (high/med/low). The device configuration flag shown below for codec list selection continues to be supported in SIP Release 2.2 for IP Deskphones:

ENABLE_ALTERN_CODEC_LIST YES/NO

When ENABLE_ALTERN_CODEC_LIST is set to NO, the IP Phone uses the list of codecs below:

High: ptime = 20 ms : G711, G729

Med: ptime = 30 ms : G711, G729

Low: ptime = 30 ms : G729, G711

When ENABLE_ALTERN_CODEC_LIST is set to YES, the IP Phone uses the list of codecs as below:

High: $ptime = 20 \text{ ms} : G/11, G/2$	High:	ptime = 20 ms : G71	1, G729	9
---	-------	---------------------	---------	---

Med: ptime = 20 ms : G729, G711

Low: ptime = 40 ms : G729, G711

Thus G729 20ms or 40ms can be selected as default value and may be suitable for certain networks requiring bandwidth optimization.

Note that when using "Audio_Codecx", these settings are ignored. This is primarily for "legacy" support.



Security - NAT Traversal & STUN protocol

The SIP Release for IP Deskphones supports two methods for NAT traversal of the signaling path:

- SIP_PING
- Simple Traversal of User Datagram Protocol through Network Address Translators (STUN)

SIP PING is an Avaya protocol for NAT traversal for SIP signaling only.

The STUN protocol lets a client discover the presence and type of NATs between the client and the public Internet. In addition, a client can discover the mapping between the private IP address and port number and the public IP address and port number. Typically, an Enterprise or a service provider operates a STUN server in the public Internet or internet domain. A STUN server can be located using DNS SRV records using the domain as the lookup. STUN typically uses the well-known port number 3478. The NAT traversal method can be selected manually through the Device Settings menu or configured through the device configuration file.

SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones also supports NAT traversal for the Media path. However, STUN protocol cannot coexist with Application Layer Gateway (ALG), Media Portals or RTP Proxy servers. If STUN is configured on the SIP Release, ensure none of these devices are configured in the SIP proxy server.

802.1X and Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)

SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones supports 802.1 X/EAP device authentications. The authentication protocol currently supported is EAP-MD5. Customers need to procure appropriate RADIUS/authentication servers (both HW/SW). Certificate based authentication is planned for a future release.

Shared Call Appearance

SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones supports Shared Call Appearance Feature. The Shared Call Appearance feature allows a given line to be configured with multiple locations, essentially allowing multiple endpoints to login to the system while using the same external number. Any one of these locations can be used to originate or receive calls. Any call appears to the other party to be originating from or terminating to the same number, regardless of the location initiating or receiving the call. The Shared Call Appearance feature allows a user to pick up a call that was put on hold by another user of the same group and it allows a user to join an active call of another user in the group. The Shared Call Appearance feature is supported on Broadsoft BroadWorks server.

SIP Release 1.1 and above for IP Deskphones supports Multiple Appearance Directory Number (MADN) Single Call Appearance (SCA) feature for Genband (Nortel) Communication Servers CS2000 and CS2100.

SIP URI Dialing

SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones supports URI dialing. Some Communication Servers may not support URI dialing and in such cases, attempt to make calls from the Call softkey menu of SIP may not complete and users may get an error message. In addition, as a valid URI is to be entered for monitoring a user's presence state the presence state/updates may not be reflected accurately with Communication Servers that may not support URI.



Expansion Module

SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones supports the Expansion Module. The Expansion Module is a hardware accessory that connects to the IP Phone and provides additional line appearances and feature keys. Up to three expansion modules are supported. The 1120E, 1140E, 1165E, 1220 and 1230 IP Deskphones can have up to 54 additional line/feature keys with three Expansion Modules. The Expansion Module is equipped with a graphical, pixel-based, grayscale LCD display area beside the 18 line/feature keys. Each of the 18 physical keys on the Expansion Module has a 10-character display label. This label is set automatically, however, the user can edit the label using the controls on the IP Deskphone.

The Expansion Module will display similar graphics for the key label and icons as displayed on the IP phone. Programmed keys are stored in the user profile. Each user will be able to maintain his/her list of programmed feature keys. You can program the feature keys as Speed Dial, Presence, Send IM, Call Forward or Do Not Disturb. The user has the ability to automatically populate the unused Expansion Module feature keys, using the friends list or the address book as sources.

There is no specific dependency on call server for the Expansion Module to be functional. However, friends list and presence notification are call server dependant and may require changes to the user package of your IP Deskphone.

Distinctive ringing and Call waiting

The Distinctive ringing feature permits users to distinguish between different types of call actions by playing a different ringing pattern. The request for a specific ringing pattern comes from the server at the time the call is being established. The Avaya 1140E IP Deskphone with SIP software does not request the playing of distinctive ringing from other parties. The ringing patterns to be used follow the North American standards which also include call waiting tones for the times when the receiving end is already engaged in a call session. The predefined ringing pattern identifiers available on the phone accommodate usage by the Communication server.

IEEE 802.1ab Link Layer Discovery Protocol

Discovery protocols provide a mechanism to identify devices attached to a network. Popular network-management systems use automated discovery to obtain the topology of a network. These applications detect adds and removals, provide Layer 3 information, and group the attached devices into IP subnets. IEEE has developed 802.1ab Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP), a standard for discovering the physical topology between neighboring devices. 802.1ab LLDP defines a standard method for Ethernet network devices such as switches, routers and IP Deskphones to advertise information about themselves to other nodes on the network and store the information they discover in a MIB. This feature implements 802.1ab and its IEEE 802.1/802.3 and LLDP-MED specific extensions.

Auto Login and Per Phone Configuration

SIP Release 3.2 supports downloading a user's login credentials from a central repository. The login credentials are associated with the MAC address of the particular IP Deskphone. This feature simplifies installation of the IP Deskphone by allowing it to automatically log into the SIP proxy server without end user intervention. Please refer to the Administration Guide for details on this feature and provisioning this capability. Before the user first receives the IP Deskphone, the system administrator may configure the IP Deskphone with the user's login id and password. If the IP Deskphone is configured with automatic login, the user cannot use the logout function and may need a password to access some features and functions of the SIP software. In addition, the administrators can provision specific features for users using the configuration files based on the MAC address of the IP Deskphone.

RFC support enhancements (RFC 3262, RFC 3311, RFC 3581)

RFC 3262 & 3211: The combined support of PRACK and UPDATE allows the IP Deskphone with SIP software to provide reliability to provisional responses, and the ability to update session parameters during call setup as well as after the initial invite has received a final response. The combination of reliable provisional responses (PRACK) and the ability to change session before call establishment (using UPDATE) will improve the IP Deskphone interactions with some PSTN networks where the parameters of a session may need updating before the call is established. To provision this feature please refer to the Administration Guide listed in the reference documents section.



RFC 3581: This feature implements an extension to SIP for Symmetric Response Routing for the IP Deskphone with SIP software. This extension permits the conduction of SIP dialogs through a Symmetric Network Address Translator (NAT) using UDP. This allows the phone to work from behind and/or in front of a symmetrical NAT with servers and/or clients that support RFC 3581. In particular, it enhances the capability of the IP Deskphone with SIP software to interoperate with other proxies and to work in any network configuration. For this feature to work properly, the receiving end device must support RFC 3581. To provision this feature please refer to the Administration Guide listed in the reference documents section.

RTP port configuration

The SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones provides option to set or change RTP ports. RTP port configuration is available only through the provisioning server.

Voice Quality Monitoring (VQMon)

SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones provides support for monitoring voice quality in conjunction with an Avaya Communication Server and a Telchemy 3rd party server. When Voice Quality Monitoring (VQMon) is enabled in the SIP software, the SIP software gathers statistics regarding the quality metrics of the current call and sends reports to the Avaya Communication Server/Telchemy 3rd party server at regular intervals. The voice quality-related statistics include jitter, packet loss, delay, burst gap loss, listening R-factor, R-LQ, R-CQ, MOS-LQ and MOS-CQ. This report can be used for QoS monitoring. A Telchemy server is required to collect and organize the data. SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones can interwork with Telchemy SQmediator 1.1. Please note customers are required to procure necessary Telchemy hardware and Telchemy SQmediator Software directly from Telchemy. http://telchemy.com

Avaya Automatic QoS

When SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones is deployed with Avaya switches, a better treatment for signaling and media packets is provided. Avaya devices will use private DSCP values to give better treatment to the traffic coming from a peer Avaya device. With SIP Release 3.2 for IP Deskphones, there are 3 methods to configure QoS for media and signaling packets 1)Through device configuration file, 2)LLDP (MED) and 3) Through service package. If none of the above 3 methods are used, system default DSCP values will be used. To implement this feature, a new checkbox to enable (and disable) Avaya Automatic QOS is added to the device settings UI. Also, 2 more fields to configure DSCP values for media and signaling are introduced in the device settings UI. The precedence of taking QoS values will be as follows: Service package, Avaya Automatic QOS, LLDP, Device settings UI and finally device configuration file. If none of them are configured, default DSCP values will be used.

User configured DSCP values and Avaya Automatic QOS feature will work in conjunction with user configured control and media priority bits (as is) since later is in layer 2 (VLAN ToS) and the former will be in layer 3, IP. The Device configurations file change is given below.

The following flag is added to toggle the Avaya on Avaya feature:

• NORTEL_Automatic_QOS: YES or NO (YES: Phone will use private DSCP values, unless overridden, NO: Phone will either use one of the configured DSCP values or the system default values)

Secure Digits while in call

When users try to access voicemail by dialing the voice mail number, it is desirable the typed digits be not displayed as a plain text, it should rather be displayed as an asterisk or a dot).

An administrator defined configuration flag (SECURE_INCALL_DIGITS) is provided for setting the feature on or off. The feature will come in effect only when the call is active. Most recently pressed key will be displayed but overwritten when next key is pressed. The user has the option to hide or unhide the digits typed and next digits which he/she is going to press, if flag is set to YES otherwise by default digits will be displayed.



DHCP

When a DHCP server has to issue a new IP address to the IP Deskphone after a lease expires, the IP Phone may go through a reboot and recover process and this process may take up to five minutes for the IP Phone to get back to its ready state to make/receive calls. In addition, if a user is on a call, the call may be dropped and the IP Phone may go through the reboot and recover process. If the DHCP lease expires, the IP Phone must initiate a new negotiation of an IP address from the server's pool of addresses. DHCP lease may expire so the network does not run out of IP addresses or due to instability in the network. DHCP lease expiration is not a common event.

About Avaya

Avaya is a global leader in enterprise communications systems. The company provides unified communications, contact centers, and related services directly and through its channel partners to leading businesses and organizations around the world. Enterprises of all sizes depend on Avaya for state-of-the-art communications that improve efficiency, collaboration, customer service and competitiveness. For more information please visit www.avaya.com.



© 2010 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Avaya and the Avaya Logo are trademarks of Avaya Inc. and are registered in the United States and other countries. All trademarks identified by ®, TM or SM are registered marks, trademarks, and service marks, respectively, of Avaya Inc. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Avaya may also have trademark rights in other terms used herein. References to Avaya include the Nortel Enterprise business, which was acquired as of December 18, 2009. 02/10